

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA / COURSE SYLLABUS	
Predmet:	Klasični in kvantni kaos
Course title:	Classical and Quantum Chaos

Študijski program in stopnja Study programme and level	Študijska smer Study field	Letnik Academic year	Semester Semester
Nanoznanosti in nanotehnologije, 3. stopnja		1	1
Nanoosciences and Nanotechnologies, 3 <sup>rd</sup> cycle		1	1

Vrsta predmeta / Course type	Izbirni / Elective
------------------------------	--------------------

Univerzitetna koda predmeta / University course code:	NANO3-807
---	-----------

Predavanja Lectures	Seminar Seminar	Sem. vaje Tutorial	Lab. vaje Laboratory work	Druge oblike Others	Samost. delo Individ. work	ECTS
15	15			15	105	5

\*Navedena porazdelitev ur velja, če je vpisanih vsaj 15 študentov. Drugače se obseg izvedbe kontaktnih ur sorazmerno zmanjša in prenese v samostojno delo. / This distribution of hours is valid if at least 15 students are enrolled. Otherwise the contact hours are linearly reduced and transferred to individual work.

Nosilec predmeta / Lecturer:	Prof. dr. Marko Robnik
------------------------------	------------------------

Jeziki / Languages:	Predavanja / Lectures: slovenščina, angleščina / Slovenian, English
	Vaje / Tutorial:

**Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje  
študijskih obveznosti:**

Zaključena druga stopnja bolonjskega študija ali diploma univerzitetnega študijskega programa s področja naravoslovja ali tehnologije. Potrebna so tudi osnovna znanja matematike in (po možnosti teoretične) fizike.

**Prerequisites:**

Completed Bologna second cycle study program or an equivalent pre-Bologna university study program in the field of natural sciences or technology. Basic knowledge of mathematics and (possibly theoretical) physics is also required.

#### Vsebina:

- Uvod v klasični kaos: integrabilnost, nelinearnost, neintegrabilnost, KAM teorija, ergodičnost, statistične lastnosti klasičnega gibanja, simbolična dinamika
- Uvod v semiklasične metode, WKB metoda, Gutzwillerjeva teorija (periodičnih orbit)
- Teorija naključnih matrik in aplikacija v različnih sistemih
- Uvod v kvantni kaos: statistične lastnosti energijskih spektrov, lastnih funkcij, Wignerjevih funkcij ter matričnih elementov
- Dinamični kvantni kaos in dinamična

#### Content (Syllabus outline):

- Introduction to classical chaos: integrability, nonlinearity, nonintegrability, KAM theory, ergodicity, statistical properties of classical motion, symbolic dynamics
- Introduction to semiclassical methods, WKB method, Gutzwiller theory (of periodic orbits)
- Random matrix theory and its application in various systems
- Introduction to quantum chaos: statistical properties of energy spectra, eigenfunction, Wigner functions, and matrix elements
- Dynamical quantum chaos and dynamic

<b>lokalizacija</b> – Aplikacije: biljardni sistemi, vodikov atom v močnem magnetnem polju, valovni kaos	<b>localization</b> – Applications: billiard systems, hydrogen atom in a strong magnetic field, wave chaos
---	---

#### **Temeljna literatura in viri / Readings:**

Izbrana poglavja iz naslednjih knjig: / Selected chapters from the following books:  
 I. C. Percival and D. Richards, Introduction to Dynamics, Cambridge University Press, 1982  
 E. Ott, Chaos in Dynamical Systems, Cambridge University Press, 2002  
 M.C. Gutzwiller, Chaos in Classical and Quantum Mechanics, Springer, 1990  
 F. Haake, Quantum Signatures of Chaos, Springer, 2010  
 H.-J. Stöckmann, Quantum Chaos - an introduction, Cambridge University Press, 1999  
 R. Blümel and W.P. Reinhardt, Chaos in Atomic Physics, Cambridge University Press, 1997

#### **Cilji in kompetence:**

Seznaniti študente z osnovnimi pojmi in teorijami klasičnega in kvantnega (valovnega) kaosa, ki imajo pomembne in ključne aplikacije v mikroskopskih pojavih in strukturah, kot so atomski ter molekulski sistemi ter nanostrukturi, kot so npr. kvantne pike. Kompetence študenta z uspešno zaključenim predmetom bodo vključevale razumevanje osnovnih pojmov z obeh področij, poznavanje sodobnih metod in znanje o primerih uporabe teh na področju tehnologije mezoskopskih in nano sistemov.

#### **Objectives and competences:**

The aim is to acquaint the students with the basic concepts and theories of classical and quantum (wave) chaos, which have important and crucial applications in microscopic phenomena and structures such as atomic and molecular systems and nanostructures such as quantum dots. The competencies of the students completing this course successfully would include understanding of basic concepts from both areas, familiarity with state-of-the art methods, and knowledge of examples of applications in the field of technology of mesoscopic and nano systems.

#### **Predvideni študijski rezultati:**

##### Znanje in razumevanje:

Razumevanje klasičnega in kvantnega kaosa v najširšem kontekstu.

Predmet pripravlja študente za uporabo znanja s področja klasičnega in kvantnega kaosa, seznanji jih z osnovnimi in glavnimi motivacijami, metodami in rezultati na tem področju, kakor tudi z osnovno literaturo, s pomočjo česar lahko uspešno aplicirajo znanje v konkretnih tehnoloških primerih.

#### **Intended learning outcomes:**

##### Knowledge and understanding:

Understanding classical and quantum chaos in its broadest context.

The course prepares the students for the application of the knowledge in the field of classical and quantum chaos, acquaints them with the basic motivations, methods and results in this field, as well as with the basic literature, by means of which they can successfully apply the knowledge in concrete technological cases.

#### **Metode poučevanja in učenja:**

##### Predavanja, konzultacije ter seminarska naloga

#### **Learning and teaching methods:**

##### Lectures, consultancy and seminar work

Delež (v %) /

##### **Načini ocenjevanja:**

Weight (in %)

##### **Assessment:**

Seminarska naloga

50 %

Seminar work

Ustni zagovor seminarske naloge

50 %

Oral defense of seminar work

**Reference nosilca / Lecturer's references:**

LOZEJ, Črt, ROBNIK, Marko. Aspects of diffusion in the stadium billiard. *Physical review. E*, ISSN 2470-0053, 12. jan. 2018, str. 012206-1-012206-10, graf. prikazi, tabele. <https://journals.aps.org/pre/pdf/10.1103/PhysRevE.97.012206>, doi: [10.1103/PhysRevE.97.012206](https://doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevE.97.012206)

ROBNIK, Marko. Recent results on time-dependent Hamiltonian oscillators. *The European physical journal, Special topics*, ISSN 1951-6355, sep. 2016, vol. 225, iss. 6/7, str. 1087-1101

ROBNIK, Marko. Fundamental concepts of quantum chaos. *The European physical journal, Special topics*, ISSN 1951-6355, sep. 2016, vol. 225, iss. 6/7, str. 959-976, doi: [10.1140/epjst/e2016-02649-0](https://doi.org/10.1140/epjst/e2016-02649-0)

MANOS, Thanos, ROBNIK, Marko. Statistical properties of the localization measure in a finite-dimensional model of the quantum kicked rotator. *Physical review. E, Statistical, nonlinear and soft matter physics*, ISSN 1550-2376. [Online ed.], 2015, vol. 91, iss. 4, str. 042904-1 - 042904-11, graf. prikazi, doi: [10.1103/PhysRevE.91.042904](https://doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevE.91.042904)

MANOS, Thanos, ROBNIK, Marko. Survey on the role of accelerator modes for anomalous diffusion : the case of the standard map. *Physical review. E, Statistical, nonlinear and soft matter physics*, ISSN 1550-2376. [Online ed.], 2014, vol. 89, iss. 2, str. 022905-1 - 022905-12, graf. prikazi, doi: [10.1103/PhysRevE.89.022905](https://doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevE.89.022905).